

Acids and Bases Review Sheet

- 1) Explain how the Lewis definition of a base is different from that of the Arrhenius definition of a base. Are Arrhenius bases also bases under the Lewis definition? Explain.
- 2) Determine the Bronsted-Lowry conjugate acid-base pairs in each of the following equations:
 - $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{HSO}_3^{-1} + \text{H}_3\text{O}$
 - $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 + 2 \text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow \text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 - $\text{NaCl} \rightarrow \text{Na}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$
- 3) An unknown compound is dissolved in water. If the solution has a blue color, tastes sour, is slippery in texture, and does not conduct electricity, is it most likely an acid, a base, or neutral? Explain.
- 4) What's the pH of a 0.0034 M HBr solution?

- 5) What's the pH of a 3.3×10^{-5} M NaOH solution?
- 6) What's the pH of a 4.5×10^{-11} M HCl solution?
- 7) The solution from problem 6 actually has a pH of 7.00. Explain how this can be.
- 8) Find the pH of a 0.0050 M acetic acid solution. $K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$
- 9) If it takes 560 mL of 0.0050 M NaOH to neutralize 100.0 mL of HCl solution with unknown concentration, what was the original pH of the HCl solution?